General description of a MixFor-SVAT model

The Mixfor-SVAT model is an one-dimensional process-based SVAT model for parameterisation of the energy, H_2O and CO_2 exchange between multi-specific and vertically structured forest stand and the atmosphere. It allows integrating the horizontal homogeneity of the forest stand with three-dimensional features of forest canopy, such as multi-specific structure, and different heights, leaf area index (LAI), crown shapes and foliage distributions of the different tree species. The Mixfor-SVAT model assumes that all trees of the different species are evenly distributed over the homogeneous ground surface area (at least 1 ha) and there are not any differences between trees of the same species. Horizontal advection of energy, water and CO_2 through the boundaries of the modelled forest plot is not taken into account, too. Mixfor-SVAT consists of several closely coupled sub-models describing:

- solar radiation transport within a vertically structured forest canopy;
- turbulent exchange of momentum, sensible heat, H₂O, CO₂ within and above a forest canopy;
- transpiration of different tree species, and of different sub-layers of forest overstorey and understorey;
- water uptake by roots and water transport through the roots, trunk and branches to the leaves of different tree species and understorey plants;
- interception, storage and evaporation of intercepted rain water and dew by different sublayers of forest overstorey and understorey;
- evaporation of bare soil;
- photosynthesis and respiration of living and dead biomass of the trees and plants, partitioning of CO₂ fluxes among different tree species and overstorey and understorey sub-layers;
- heterotrophic respiration of soil;
- thermal heat and water exchanges in soil.

Coupling of the different sub-models is based on aggregated solution and closing the energy and water balance equations for individual tree species, different canopy layers, and the entire forest stand. Iteration procedures allow determining for each time step (15-60 minutes) the energy, water vapour and CO_2 fluxes for both entire forest ecosystem and each canopy sub-layer. Additionally Mixfor-SVAT allows describing:

• vertical profiles of air and canopy temperatures, specific humidity, CO₂ concentration within and above a forest stand;

- vertical profiles of the temperature and moisture in soil;
- fractions of wet and dry leaf surface for each canopy sub-layer and tree species;
- leaf water potentials for each tree species and sub-layer in forest overstorey and understorey;
- water uptake rates and storages for each tree species in a forest stand.

Required meteorological information for model calculations includes measured or predicted air temperature, air specific humidity, wind speed, global radiation, precipitation rate and CO_2 concentration at some reference height above a forest stand within the atmospheric surface layer. All forest vegetation in the model is divided into two main layers (overstorey and understorey) and many sub-layers within these main layers. Tropical rain forests are usually characterised by a very complex and layered structure which renders it very difficult to distinguish the forest overstorey and understorey. In our study the vegetation height was used as criteria for forest understorey. For tropical forest with mean height of about 30 meters all vegetation types with a mean height less than 2 meters was referred as an understorey, and all tree types that mean height is more than 2 meters – as an overstorey.

The main concept used in the Mixfor-SVAT model is an aggregated description of the physical and biological processes on different spatial scales of a forest ecosystem: individual leaf, canopy sub-layer, individual tree (plant) and entire ecosystem (Fig. 1-4). For description of the different scale processes in multi-species forest ecosystems the model uses both species specific and species averaged input parameters. Thus, for description of the processes occurring inside an individual leaf or tree (e.g. transpiration, water uptake, interception, water storage, photosynthesis, respiration) the model uses individual species specific input parameters. On the other hand, for parameterisation of exchange processes between different tree species within each sub-layer, as well as for description of the processes on ecosystem scale (e.g. turbulent exchange, radiation transport) the model uses species averaged parameters of vegetation cover (e.g. morphological and physical properties of the canopy). These effective parameters are calculated for each individual canopy sub-layer from individual properties of tree species taking into account the vertical distributions of living and dead biomass of the trees. Total leaf (LAD) and plant (PAD) area density are calculated for each canopy sub-layer by integration of LAD and PAD of individual tree species.

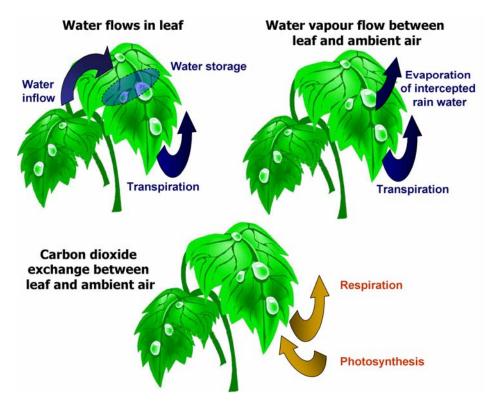


Fig. 1: H₂O and CO₂ exchange on leaf level: exchange in the leaf and between leaf and ambient air.

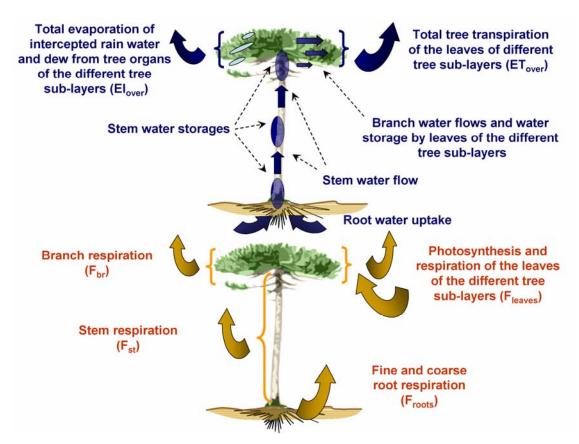


Fig. 2: H₂O and CO₂ exchange on tree level: water flows in tree, as well as H₂O and CO₂ exchanges between tree/plant organs and ambient air.

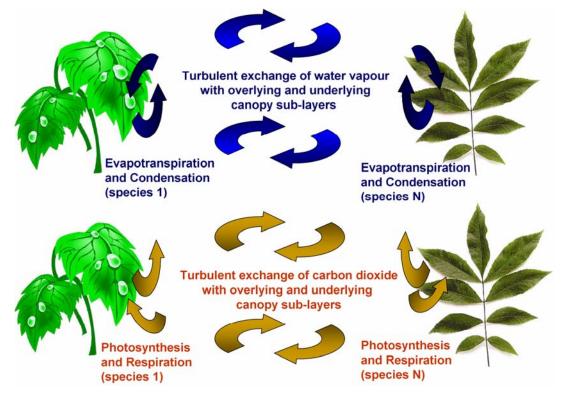


Fig. 3: H₂O and CO₂ exchange within an individual canopy sub-layer, as well as the exchange with overlying and underlying canopy sub-layers in multi-species forest stand.

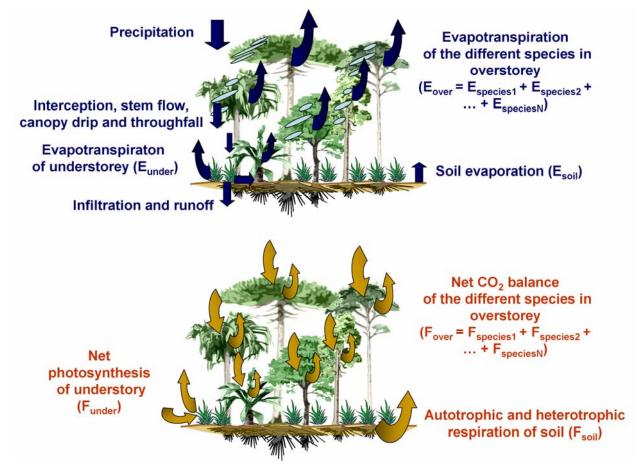


Fig. 4: H₂O and CO₂ fluxes between multi-species forest ecosystem and the atmosphere.

Program structure

The MixFor-SVAT model is written in Fortran90 and it consists of one main program and 34 sub-programs which are grouped in 12 following files: *Model.f90, Vodbal.f90, Vodpl.f90, Vodgr.f90, Photo.f90, Rad.f90, Rainfall.f90, Resist.f90, Temper.f90, Mull.f90, Soil.f90, Gfenpssu.f90.*

Model.f90 – the governing program of the MixFor-SVAT model which is responsible for the input of meteorological data, storage of the modelling results, and interaction of the different sub-programs within the model;

Vodbal.f90 - calculation of latent heat fluxes for canopy overstorey and understorey;

Vodpl.f90 – calculation of the water fluxes in canopy overstorey;

Vodgr.f90 - calculation of the water fluxes in canopy understorey;

Photo.f90 – calculation of total CO₂ fluxes and flux partitioning between different canopy layers and tree/plant species;

Rad.f90 – calculation of reflected and transmitted solar radiation within a forest stand, as well as calculation of net radiation of canopy overstorey and understorey;

Rainfall.f90 – calculation of precipitation interception by canopy overstorey and understorey;

Resist.f90 – calculation of vertical profiles of wind speed and turbulent coefficients, as well as calculation of aerodynamic resistances;

Temper.f90 – calculation of sensible heat fluxes for canopy overstorey and understorey;

Mull.f90 – solution of nonlinear equations of the energy balance of canopy overstorey and understorey by means of Mueller's iteration method;

Soil.f90 – calculation of the soil moisture and water fluxes between different soil layers, as well as soil temperature profile and soil heat flux;

Gfenpssu.f90 – file including several sub-programs that are necessary to provide an input of biophysical parameters of the different vegetation types and soil properties, a calculation of psychrometric constant and saturation water vapour for specific temperature, as well as a calculation of G-function and initial vertical distribution of soil moisture.

Input parameters

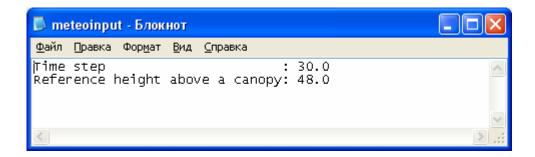
The names of the files with input data describing meteorological input data, relief properties as well as biophysical properties of vegetation and soil are listed in file "**File_input.lst**":

Example of "File_input.lst" file is given below:

📕 file_input.lst - Блокнот	
<u>Ф</u> айл Правка Фор <u>м</u> ат <u>В</u> ид <u>С</u> правка	
Relief properties Initial soil moisture Optical properties of a canopy Understorey plant properties and density Overtorey tree properties and density Biophysical properties of understorey Biophysical properties of overstorey Soil properties Structure of canopy understorey Structure of canopy overstorey	bariri_meteo.dat relief.dat initial.dat DATA\optic.dat DATA\parksil1.dat DATA\parksil2.dat DATA\parpl1.dat DATA\parsoil.dat DATA\plant1.dat DATA\plant2.dat DATA\plant2.dat DATA\treedist.dat
<	

Additionally, to quantify geographical coordinates, time step and the height of the upper boundary of model simulations the MixFor-SVAT model uses 2 additional configuration files (meteoinput.cfg and geogr_coord.cfg).

Meteoinput.cfg includes information about a time step for used meteorological data and corresponding reference height above a plant canopy at which these data were obtained. Example of "meteoinput.cfg" file is given below:



Geogr_coord.cfg includes information about latitude and longitude of study area. Example of "**Geogr_coord.cfg**" file is given below:

📕 geogr_coord - Блокнот						
<u>Ф</u> айл Правка Фор <u>м</u> ат <u>В</u> ид	<u>С</u> правка					
Latitude :-1.658354 Longitude:120.18246 						
	~					
<						

Example of input file with meteorological data "bariri_meteo.dat" is given in figure below:

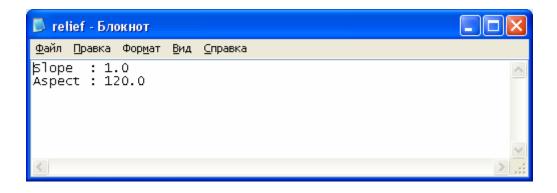
📕 bariri	_meteo - l	Блокнот						
<u>Ф</u> айл Пр	авка Фор <u>м</u>	<u>ат В</u> ид <u>С</u> г	правка					
Date 040605	time 00.15 00.45 01.15 02.15 02.45 03.15 04.45 04.45 05.15 06.45 07.15 08.15 08.15 08.15 08.15 08.15 09.15 09.45 10.45	Tair 17.59 17.48 17.49 17.37 17.30 17.19 16.91 16.94 16.98 17.03 16.93 16.93 16.88 16.96 17.07 17.13 17.97 18.29 19.02 19.63 20.33 21.64	eair 19.29 19.20 18.92 18.61 18.16 17.94 18.22 18.26 18.13 18.15 18.15 18.25 18.07 17.89 17.89 17.96 18.61 18.70 18.82 18.83 19.03 18.92	<pre>wind 0.43 0.64 0.87 0.33 1.17 1.50 0.24 0.57 1.17 0.68 0.90 0.52 0.74 1.77 1.01 0.53 0.56 1.13 0.99 1.35 1.39 1.03</pre>	CO2 384.47 376.28 368.09 372.76 360.00 350.20 372.20 366.08 362.16 359.24 353.92	Precip 0.00 0.20 0.20 0.20 0.20 0.00 0.00 0.0	Glob 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.	
<								> .::

Where:

- **Date** the date in format "YYMMDD";
- **Time** the time in format "hh,mm";
- **Tair** air temperature at the reference height in °C;
- Eair water vapour pressure in mbar;
- **Wind** wind speed in m s⁻¹;
- $CO2 CO_2$ concentration in ppm;
- **Precip** precipitation rate in mm;
- **Glob** global solar radiation in W m^{-2} .

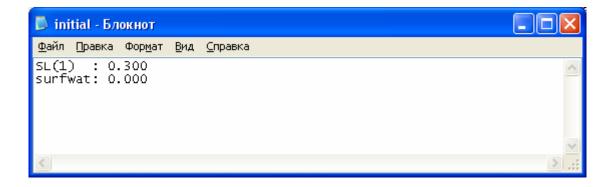
Information about relief features of study area (slop (in degrees) and aspect (in degrees)) is given in file: **relief.dat**. If the slop of study area has the northern direction the aspect is assumed to be equal to 0.0° .

Example of "relief.dat" file is given below:



Information about initial volumetric soil moisture of the upper soil layer "SL(1)" and the thickness of stored rain water on soil surface "surfwat" in meters (default value: surfwat = 0.0000) is given in file: initial.dat.

Example of "initial.dat" file is given below:



File "**Treedist.dat**" includes information about partitioning the Plant Area Index (PAI) among different tree species in overstorey. For each plant/tree species the file indicates the ratio between species PAI and total ecosystem PAI. The current version of MixFor-SVAT assumes that the number of tree species in forest stand doesn't exceed 6 main plant/tree species.

Example "**Treedist.dat**" file is given below:

D Treedist - D	локнот		
<u>Ф</u> айл <u>П</u> равка	Фор <u>м</u> ат <u>В</u> ид	⊆правка	
1 0.0 2 0.0 3 0.38 4 0.27 5 0.23 6 0.12			
<			> .;i

File "**Optic.dat**" includes information about optical properties of the different plant species of canopy overstorey and understorey, as well as optical properties of soil surface. In the present model version a number of possible tree/plant species is limited by "6". The values of optical properties for the different species are written consecutively after colon one after another. A sequence of the species range is identical with sequence range used in file "**Treedist.dat**". Example of "**Optic.dat**" file is given below:

📕 Opti	с-Б	локнот						(_ 🗆 🗙
<u>Ф</u> айл []равка	а Фор <u>м</u> ат	<u>В</u> ид	<u>С</u> правка					
CROP CTOP CROB GROP GTOP GROB GTOB ROTRP ROTRB RSP RSB		0.060 0.010 0.40 0.04 0.06 0.05 0.40 0.40 0.05 0.34 0.06 0.36	0. 0.	06 001 34 01	0.06 0.06 0.44 0.44	0.06 0.06 0.44 0.44	0.06 0.06 0.44 0.44	0.06 0.05 0.44 0.44	
<									≥ .;;

Where:

CROP-leaf PAR reflection coefficient for the tree leaves (for each of 6 selected tree species);

CTOP – leaf PAR transmission coefficient for the tree leaves (for each of 6 selected tree species);

CROB-leaf NIR reflection coefficient for the tree leaves (for each of 6 selected tree species);

CTOB– leaf NIR transmission coefficient for the tree leaves (for each of 6 selected tree species);

GROP-leaf PAR reflection coefficient for the plants of canopy understorey;

GTOP-leaf PAR transmission coefficient for the plants of canopy understorey;

GROB- leaf NIR reflection coefficient of canopy understorey plants;

GTOB- leaf NIR transmission coefficient of canopy understorey plants;

ROTRP – mean stem PAR reflection coefficient for all plant/tree species;

ROTRB – mean stem NIR reflection coefficient for all plant/tree species;

RSP – PAR reflection coefficient of soil surface;

RSB – NIR reflection coefficient of soil surface.

File "**Parksil1.dat**" includes information about hydraulic properties of stems and roots of understorey plants as well as plant density and mean plant diameter in understorey layer. Example of the file is given below:

🖡 Parksil1 - Блокнот	
Файл Правка Формат Вид <u>С</u> правка	
ARUD : 0.16E5 DLUD : 125. RESUD : 0.42E5 NPLANTS: 1000000 SGR : 0.1E-5 DOLPR : 0.9	
	≥:

Where:

ARUDg – specific resistance of roots (fine, coarse) per unit root length, s/m;

DLUDg – root density, m m^{-3} ;

RESUDg – specific resistance imposed by plant vascular system per unit stem length, s/m;

NPLANTS – number of the plants per hectare in understorey;

SGR – mean cross-section area of understorey plants, $m^2 m^{-2}$;

DOLPRg – mean fraction of the vascular system in understorey plants.

File "**Parksil2.dat**" includes information about hydraulic properties of stems and roots of overstorey trees/plants as well as the tree/plant density and mean tree/plant diameter. Example of the file is given below:

📕 parksil2 - Блокнот	r				
<u>Ф</u> айл <u>П</u> равка Фор <u>м</u> ат	<u>В</u> ид <u>С</u> правка				
ARUD : 0.12E5 DLUD : 800. RESUD : 0.62E5 NTREES : 600 SC : 0.0299 DOLPR : 0.70	0.62E5	0.20E5	0.22E5	0.24E5	0.23E5
<					≥ .;;

ARUD - specific resistance of roots (fine, coarse) to water transport, s/m;

DLUD - root density, m m⁻³;

RESUD - specific resistance imposed by vascular system of the different tree/plant species, s/m;

NTREES - number of the trees/plant (all species) per hectare;

SC - mean stem cross-section area for different tree species, $m^2 m^{-2}$;

DOLPR – mean fraction of the vascular system of the different trees/plant species.

File "**Parpl1.dat**" includes information about maximal leaf stomatal conductance, specific parameters describing the influence of different limiting environmental factors on leaf stomatal conductance, parameters of photosynthesis and respiration for plants growing in understorey. Example of the file is given below:

📕 Parpl1 - Блокнот		
<u>Ф</u> айл <u>П</u> равка Фор <u>м</u> ат	Вид ⊆правка	
GGMAX : 120.0 RGPARM : 0.012 Jmax25g : 53.6 Vcmax25g: 32.1 RESOPT : 0.40 APSST : -80. APSCLO : -240. TMIN : 0.0 TOPT : 23.0 TMAX : 42.0 HHUM : 0.012		
<		≥ .;;

Where:

GGMAX – mean maximal leaf stomatal conductance for understorey plants, mmol $m^{-2}s^{-1}$; **RGPARM** – empirical parameter describing the slop of light response curve of leaf stomatal conductance;

Jmax25g – maximal electron transport rate of the understorey leaves under saturating light and temperature 25°C, μ mol electrons m⁻² s⁻¹;

Vcmax25g - carboxylation capacity of canopy Rubisco of understorey leaves under saturating light and temperature 25° C, μ mol CO₂ m⁻² s⁻¹;

RESOPT - leaf mitochondrial respiration in the light, excluding CO₂ loss in photorespiration under optimal temperature ($t=25^{\circ}$ C), µmol CO₂ m⁻² s⁻¹;

APSST - leaf water potential when stomata start to close, m;

APSCLO - leaf water potential when stomata are completely closed, m;

TMIN, TOPT, TMAX - minimal, optimal, maximal temperatures for stomatal functioning;

HHUM - empirical constant describing dependence of stomatal conductance on water vapour deficit.

File "**Parpl2.dat**" includes information about maximal leaf stomatal conductance, specific parameters describing the influence of different limiting factors on leaf stomatal conductance, parameters of photosynthesis and respiration for the different tree/plants species growing in overstorey. The values of some parameters are specified individually for each species and they are given in the file after colon consecutively one after another according to the range used in "**Treedist.dat**" file.

Example of the file is given below:

📕 Parpl2	- Блокнот						
<u>Ф</u> айл Пра	вка Фор <u>м</u> ат	<u>В</u> ид <u>С</u> прави	ka				
GCMAX RCPARM Jmax25c Vcmax25c RESOPT RESST RESROOT APSST APSCLO TMIN TOPT TMAX	54.8 0.50 0.40 0.40 -100. -340. 0.00 24.0 44.0	113.4 0.010 91.4 54.8 0.50 0.40 0.40 -120. -320. 24.0	260.0 0.011 68.6 41.2 0.50 0.45 0.60 -120. -320. 25.0	240.0 0.010 62.1 37.3 0.40 0.40 0.40 -120. -310. 26.0	280.0 0.010 75.7 45.5 0.60 0.50 0.50 -120. -320. 25.0	220.0 0.009 53.6 32.1 0.40 0.35 0.35 -120. -300. 26.0	
нним	: 0.012						~
<							

Where:

GGMAX –maximal leaf stomatal conductance for each tree/plant species in overstorey, mmol m⁻²s⁻¹;

RCPARM – empirical parameter describing the slop of light response curve for the leaves of different tree species;

Jmax25g – maximal electron transport rate of the leaves of the different tree/plant species under saturating light and temperature 25°C, μ mol electrons m⁻² s⁻¹;

Vcmax25g – carboxylation capacity of canopy Rubisco of the leaves of the different tree/plant species under saturating light and temperature 25°C, μ mol CO₂ m⁻² s⁻¹;

RESOPT – leaf mitochondrial respiration in the light of overstorey tree/plant species, excluding CO_2 loss in photorespiration under optimal temperature (*t*=25°C), µmol CO_2 m⁻² s⁻¹;

RESST – stem respiration rate of different tree/plant species under optimal temperature 25°C, μ mol CO₂ m⁻² s⁻¹;

RESROOT – root (both fine and coarse) respiration rate of different tree/plant species under optimal temperature 25°C, μ mol CO₂ m⁻² s⁻¹;

APSST – species depended leaf water potential when stomata start to close, m;

APSCLO – species depended leaf water potential when stomata are completely closed, m;

TMIN, TOPT, TMAX – minimal, optimal, maximal temperatures for stomatal functioning of the different tree/plant species;

HHUM – empirical constant describing dependence of leaf stomatal conductance on water vapour deficit.

File "**Parsoil.dat**" includes information about thickness of the main 4 soil layers, about their physical properties and about heterotrophic respiration rate of the soil under optimal temperature. Example of the file is given below:

🖡 Parsoil - Блокнот			
Файл Правка Формат Вид <u>С</u> правка			
AD(1),AD(2),AD(3),AD(4): 0.1 0.3 0.5 1.0 APS(1),AKKS(1),AB(1),SAT(1): -0.380 0.000009800 APS(2),AKKS(2),AB(2),SAT(2): -0.380 0.000002200 APS(3),AKKS(3),AB(3),SAT(3): -0.380 0.0000000220 APS(4),AKKS(4),AB(4),SAT(4): -0.390 0.000000013 RESORGI: 0.900	7.75 7.75 7.75 7.75 7.75	0.365 0.355 0.340 0.350	
			~
			≥;

Where:

AD(1-4) – thickness of the main soil layers, m;

APS(1-4) – water potential of soil layers at saturation, m;

AKKS(1-4) – hydraulic conductivity of soil layers at saturation, m/s;

AB(1-4) – empirical constant describing dependence of soil water potential and hydraulic conductivity on soil moisture (Clapp and Hornberger, 1978);

SAT(1-4) – the volumetric soil moisture of soil layers at saturation, $m^3 m^{-3}$;

RESORGI – soil heterotrophic respiration rate under optimal temperature 25°C, μ mol CO₂ m⁻² s⁻¹.

File "**Plant1.dat**" includes information about structural parameters of canopy understorey. Example of the file is given below:

🖾 Plant1 - Блокнот 📃 🗖							
<u>Ф</u> айл	Правка	Фор <u>м</u> ат	<u>В</u> ид	<u>С</u> правка			
PAIG FRAK AKL ZTG HVGR	: 1. : 0. : 5: : 0. : 1.	.80 7.5 .4			<		
					\sim		
<				2	l .::		

Where:

PAIG – total plant area index of the understorey plants, $m^2 m^{-2}$;

FRAK – fraction of PAI that consists of live photosynthesising leaves;

AKL – mean leaf inclination angle above the horizontal plane;

ZTG – maximal depth of the roots for the understorey plants, m;

HVGR – mean height of the plants in understorey, m.

File "**Plant2.dat**" includes information about structural parameters of the tree/plant species in overstorey. The values of some parameters are specified individually for each species and they are given in the file after colon consecutively one after another according to the range used in "**Treedist.dat**" file.

Example of the file is given below:

🗾 Pla	ant2 - Блокнот							
<u>Ф</u> айл	<u>П</u> равка Фор <u>м</u> ат	<u>Вид С</u> пра	авка					
PAIC FRAK AKL	: 8.75 : 0.80 : 57.5	0.80	0.66	0.74		0.96	0.840	^
ZTC HVPL HNPL	: 1.2 : 30.0 : 4.0	0.2	0.8	0.5	1.2	0.3		
<								≥ .::

Where:

PAIC – total plant area index of the overstorey trees/plants, $m^2 m^{-2}$;

FRAK– fraction of PAI that consists of live photosynthesising leaves for each individual species;

AKL – mean leaf inclination angle above the horizontal plane;

ZTC – maximal depth of the roots for each individual species in overstorey, m;

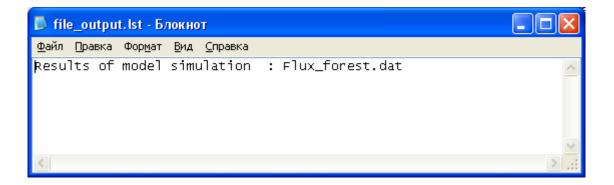
HVPL – mean height of the plants in overstorey, m.

HNPL - mean height of the crown bottom in overstorey, m.

Output parameters

The name of the main output file is given in file "File_output.lst":

Example of "File_output.lst" file is given below:



Additionally, the MixFor-SVAT model generates several additional output files which stored:

CO2fluxes.dat – the main components of the total ecosystem CO₂ flux (e.g. photosynthesis and respiration of overstorey and understorey, soil respiration);

profCO2.dat – vertical CO₂ profile within and above a forest stand;

proftu.dat – vertical air temperature profile within and above a forest stand;

soiltem.dat – temperatures of the different soil layers;

soilws.dat – wetness of the different soil layers.

The main output file given in file "**File_output.lst**" (in our case **Flux_forest.dat**) includes information about modelled total energy, water and CO_2 fluxes, predicted aerodynamic and bulk boundary layer resistances, mean stomatal conductance of overstorey plant/trees, evapotranspiration, transpiration and water fluxes in overstorey and understorey plants/trees, mean leaf water potential of overstorey as well as mean temperatures of overstorey and understorey. Example of "**Flux_forest.dat**" file is given below. Because of a large width of data table the example of the output file consists of multiple parts showing the different parts (columns) of the table.

Flux_fores	t - Блокнот					
Файл Правка	Формат Вид С	правка				
ara_over, 255.256, 171.500, 126.161, 332.606, 93.812, 73.173, 457.333, 192.561, 93.812, 161.412, 161.412, 121.956, 211.077, 148.324, 62.011, 108.673, 15.230, 12.181, 15.403, 11.858, 11.292, 8.376, 7.046,	arb_over, 50.927, 36.065, 27.771, 64.321, 21.676, 17.670, 85.505, 39.849, 21.676, 34.239, 26.988, 43.147, 31.855, 15.449, 24.499, 42.439, 40.463, 22.311, 24.913, 19.262, 18.806, 24.101,	PSIOVER, -25.400, -25.388, -25.373, -25.359, -25.329, -25.329, -25.322, -25.302, -25.302, -25.297, -25.297, -25.297, -25.299, -25.299, -25.297, -25.297, -25.292, -25.319, -25.797, -27.072, -27.934, -30.727, -34.846, -43.748, -61.551,	WC , 0.000, 0.000, 0.059, 0.171, 0.279, 0.522, 0.629, 0.914, 0.848, 0.908, 0.981, 0.929, 0.901, 0.769, 0.731, 0.697, 0.650, 0.576, 0.488, 0.382, 0.315, 0.235,	<pre>Sapf1 , 0.0004, 0.0003, 0.0002, 0.0002, 0.0001, 0.0001, 0.0001, 0.0001, 0.0001, 0.0001, 0.0001, 0.0001, 0.0001, 0.0001, 0.0002, 0.0001, 0.0002, 0.0005, 0.0014, 0.0028, 0.0053, 0.0098, 0.0187,</pre>	<pre>Sapfl_br , 0.0000, 0.0001, 0.0001, 0.0000,0000,0000,000,</pre>	Trans, 0.0000, 0.0002, 0.0028, 0.0340, 0.0340, 0.1306,
<						>

📕 Flux_forest - Блокнот							×
<u>Ф</u> айл Правка Фор <u>м</u> ат <u>В</u> ид	⊆правка						
Trans, Trans_low, 0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0002, 0.0000, 0.0002, 0.0000, 0.0001, 0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000,	Evap_ov, 0.0000, 0.0000, -0.0045, -0.0028, -0.0028, -0.0019, -0.0019, -0.0069, -0.0075, -0.0044, -0.0061, -0.0065, 0.0001, 0.0089, 0.0414, 0.0850, 0.1136, 0.1533, 0.1988, 0.2871.	Evap_und , 0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0001, 0.0001, 0.0001, 0.0003, 0.0004, 0.0003, 0.0004, 0.0001, 0.0003, 0.0002, 0.00003, 0.00002, -0.0002, -0.0002, 0.0002, 0.0002, 0.0002, 0.0002, 0.0002, 0.0002, 0.0002, 0.0002, 0.0002, 0.0002, 0.0002, 0.00002, 0.00002, 0.00002, 0.00002, 0.00002, 0.00002, 0.00002, 0.00002, 0.00002, 0.00002, 0.00002, 0.00000, 0.00000, 0.00000, 0.00000, 0.00000, 0.00000, 0.0000, 0.0000, 0.00000, 0.0000, 0.0000, 0.00000, 0.0000,0000,0000,0000,0000,000,	Aw⊂1, 0.995,	AWCC, 0.995, 0.997,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,	Tover, 15.13, 15.07, 15.36, 15.37, 15.53, 15.74, 15.33, 15.05, 15.39, 15.41, 15.39, 15.20, 15.15, 15.73, 16.51, 17.60, 18.67, 18.67, 18.86, 19.79, 20.43, 21.80,	TU, 15.41, 15.36, 15.63, 15.59, 15.76, 15.94, 15.51, 15.61, 15.61, 15.61, 15.41, 15.36, 15.91, 16.59, 17.46, 18.38, 18.72, 19.53, 20.19, 21.15,	
0.1306, 0.0003,	0.3258,	0.0023,	0.880,	0.959,	23.45,	22.48,	~
<u>×</u>							1.5

DAY – the date in format "YYMMDD";

TIME – the time in format "hh,mm";

TV – input air temperature at a reference height above a plant/forest canopy, °C;

EV – input water vapour pressure at a reference height above a plant/forest canopy, mbar;

UV – input wind speed at a reference height above a plant/forest canopy, m s-1;

CO2v – input CO₂ concentration at a reference height above a plant/forest canopy, ppm;

AP – input precipitation rate, mm per used time step;

 \mathbf{R} – total ecosystem net radiation, W m⁻²;

LE – total ecosystem latent heat flux, W m⁻²;

 \mathbf{H} – total ecosystem sensible heat flux, W m⁻²;

PS – physical storage of the energy by canopy biomass, W m⁻²;

PHOT – total ecosystem CO_2 flux, µmol CO_2 m⁻² s⁻¹;

CCAN – mean bulk stomatal conductance of overstorey plants/trees, mm s⁻¹;

APSIR - mean soil water potential in root zone of overstorey plants/trees, m;

PSI(2) – water potential of the second soil sub-layer (0.10-0.20 m), m;

ara_over – aerodynamic resistance for momentum between canopy air space and reference height, s m⁻¹;

arb_over – bulk boundary layer resistance for momentum between overstorey phyto-mass (leaves) and surrounding air, s m⁻¹;

PSIover – mean leaf water potential of overstorey plants/trees, m;

Wc – the ration between the water (rain or dew) intercepted by phyto-elements (leaves) of overstorey plants/trees and maximal interception capacity;

Sapfl – water uptake by roots of overstorey plants/trees, mm per time period (in our case 30 min);

Sapfl_br – total branch water flow in overstorey plants/trees, mm per time period (in our case 30 min);

Trans – transpiration of overstorey, mm per time period (in our case 30 min);

Trans_low – transpiration of understorey, mm per time period (in our case 30 min);

Evap_ov – evapotranspiration of overstorey, mm per time period (in our case 30 min);

Evap_und – evapotranspiration of understorey, mm per time period (in our case 30 min);

AWCl – mean wetness of overstorey leaves;

AWCc - mean wetness of xylem of overstorey plants/trees;

Tover – mean modelled temperature of overstorey, °C;

TU – modelled effective temperature of the air in overstorey crown space, °C;

Tund – mean modelled temperature of understorey, °C;

T(1) – modelled air temperatures at 1 meter above a ground surface, °C;

EU – modelled effective water vapour pressure in overstorey crown space, mbar;

File "**CO2fluxes.dat**" includes information about modelled total CO_2 ecosystem flux, net photosynthesis and respiration rates of overstorey and understorey, as well as soil respiration. Example of the output file is given below. Because of a large width of data table the example of the output file consists of two parts showing the left and right parts of the table.

📕 CO2flu	xes - Бло	окнот						
<u>Ф</u> айл <u>П</u> рав	зка Фор⊵	<u>ат В</u> ид <u>С</u> пј	равка					
	time 0.15 0.45 1.15 2.45 3.15 4.15 5.45 5.45 5.45 6.15 6.45 7.15 8.45 9.15 9.15 9.45 10.45	FTotal 3.144 3.177 3.364 3.194 3.348 3.471 3.180 3.210 3.311 3.123 3.191 3.204 2.594 1.217 -1.777 -5.751 -8.754 -9.074 -11.483 -12.882 -15.976 -18.555	Fover 2.535 2.572 2.705 2.749 2.768 2.581 2.611 2.720 2.664 2.689 2.608 2.138 0.444 -2.311 -6.208 -9.239 -9.667 -12.004 -13.514 -16.583 -18.976	FUndSoi 0.610 0.605 0.659 0.598 0.598 0.703 0.600 0.599 0.591 0.459 0.459 0.459 0.456 0.456 0.773 0.534 0.456 0.457 0.486 0.593 0.521 0.632 0.606 0.421	Pover 1.046 1.054 1.127 1.070 1.142 1.152 1.042 1.052 1.120 1.088 1.088 1.102 1.050 0.567 -1.207 -3.959 -7.851 -11.067 -11.517 -13.965 -15.549 -18.766 -21.382	Rover 1.489 1.518 1.578 1.526 1.608 1.616 1.538 1.600 1.558 1.600 1.558 1.558 1.558 1.558 1.558 1.558 1.643 1.643 1.643 1.643 1.828 1.828 1.850 1.961 2.036 2.184 2.406	FUnder 0.388 0.381 0.375 0.380 0.375 0.375 0.373 0.375 0.375 0.374 0.375 0.377 0.377 0.377 0.377 0.377 0.377 0.377 0.377 0.375 0.366 0.360 0.320 0.249	
<u> </u>								≥

CO2fluxes	- Блокн	от				
<u>Ф</u> айл <u>П</u> равка	Фор <u>м</u> ат	<u>В</u> ид <u>С</u> правка				
FUnder 0.388 0.381 0.381 0.375 0.380 0.381 0.375 0.375 0.375 0.375 0.375 0.375 0.377 0.377 0.377 0.377 0.377 0.377 0.379 0.403 0.395 0.366 0.360 0.320 0.249	Pund 0.208 0.201 0.199 0.197 0.196 0.197 0.195 0.192 0.193 0.193 0.193 0.191 0.191 0.193 0.205 0.215 0.201 0.166 0.153 0.104 0.020	Rund 0.180 0.180 0.182 0.178 0.184 0.185 0.180 0.181 0.182 0.181 0.182 0.181 0.182 0.180 0.181 0.184 0.179 0.174 0.188 0.194 0.200 0.207 0.216 0.229	Rsoil 0.221 0.224 0.278 0.218 0.225 0.226 0.216 0.085 0.127 0.224 0.085 0.396 0.157 0.079 0.083 0.199 0.155 0.272 0.286 0.172	CO2ac 0.000 -7.427 -6.845 6.754 -12.751 -0.586 6.132 -4.318 -1.136 2.256 -0.904 0.302 -1.715 -5.034 19.365 21.953 -24.937 -3.978 -4.331 -3.894 -2.584 -4.692	Rlover 1.046 1.054 1.127 1.070 1.142 1.152 1.042 1.052 1.120 1.088 1.102 1.050 1.069 1.175 1.313 1.470 1.669 1.681 1.893 2.030 2.880	Rlund 0.208 0.201 0.199 0.197 0.196 0.197 0.195 0.192 0.193 0.193 0.193 0.191 0.191 0.193 0.193 0.194 0.205 0.223 0.233 0.244 0.260 0.282
<						► 1.1

day – the date in format "YYMMDD";

time – the time in format "hh,mm";

FTotal – total ecosystem CO_2 flux, µmol CO_2 m⁻² s⁻¹;

FOver $-CO_2$ flux between overstorey and the atmosphere, μ mol CO_2 m⁻² s⁻¹;

FUndSoil – CO_2 flux between understorey&soil and the atmosphere, µmol CO_2 m⁻² s⁻¹;

Pover – net photosynthesis of overstorey leaves, μ mol CO₂ m⁻² s⁻¹;

Rover – respiration of overstorey vegetation, μ mol CO₂ m⁻² s⁻¹;

- **FUnder** CO₂ flux between understorey vegetation and the atmosphere, μ mol CO₂ m⁻² s⁻¹;
- **Pund** net photosynthesis of understorey leaves, μ mol CO₂ m⁻² s⁻¹;
- **Rund** respiration of understorey vegetation, μ mol CO₂ m⁻² s⁻¹;
- **Rsoil** soil (authotrophic and heterotrophic) respiration, μ mol CO₂ m⁻² s⁻¹;
- **CO2ac** CO₂ storage in air space within and above a plant/forest canopy, μ mol CO₂ m⁻² s⁻¹;
- **Rlover** mitochondrial respiration of overstorey leaves, μ mol CO₂ m⁻² s⁻¹;

Rlund – mitochondrial respiration of understorey leaves, μ mol CO₂ m⁻² s⁻¹;

File "**profCO2.dat**" includes information about modelled CO₂ concentration profile within and above a plant/forest canopy. Corresponding altitude above a ground surface is given in brackets in column titles.

Example of the output file is given below. Because of a large width of data table the example of the output file consists of two parts showing the left and right parts of the table.

D profC	02 - Блокі	нот							×			
<u>Ф</u> айл Пр	Файл Правка Формат Вид Справка											
day 040605	time 0.15 0.45 1.15 2.15 3.15 4.15 4.45 5.15 6.15 6.15 6.15 6.15 8.15 8.15 9.15 10.15 10.45	CO2(1) 408.23 398.20 386.06 397.64 377.96 376.21 387.50 382.10 377.74 384.44 379.94 382.41 378.88 370.56 397.60 431.41 397.85 386.69 380.79 374.70 371.02 364.79	CO2(3) 404.41 394.44 383.87 393.96 375.74 374.11 383.81 378.42 375.55 380.70 377.62 378.75 376.59 368.57 395.39 427.35 393.59 384.51 378.73 372.78 369.30 363.53	C02(5) 384.47 401.67 391.71 382.36 391.32 373.61 372.66 381.49 375.75 373.71 377.77 376.12 376.55 374.97 367.19 393.98 423.51 390.00 383.16 377.18 371.44 367.98	Co2(9) 384.47 398.24 388.34 379.96 388.05 371.53 370.59 378.18 372.45 371.66 374.32 374.16 373.26 371.66 365.17 392.17 420.40 386.81 381.51 375.87 369.81 366.19	CO2(12) 384.47 396.56 386.69 378.16 386.45 370.18 369.25 376.56 370.84 370.32 372.59 372.30 371.64 370.04 363.87 390.90 418.79 385.13 380.31 374.81 368.65 364.95	CO2(15) 384.47 395.36 385.50 376.86 385.29 368.86 367.97 375.37 369.67 369.00 371.30 370.86 370.46 368.85 362.65 389.54 417.50 383.75 378.93 373.44 367.33 363.62	$\begin{array}{c} \text{CO2}(18)\\ 384.47\\ 394.43\\ 384.58\\ 375.86\\ 384.39\\ 367.49\\ 366.66\\ 374.45\\ 368.77\\ 367.61\\ 370.24\\ 369.70\\ 369.70\\ 369.53\\ 367.91\\ 361.42\\ 387.93\\ 416.29\\ 382.36\\ 377.15\\ 371.48\\ 365.64\\ 361.93\\ \end{array}$				
<								>				

D profCO	2 - Блокнот							
<u>Ф</u> айл Прав	жа Фор <u>м</u> ат	<u>В</u> ид <u>С</u> правк	a					
CO2(18) 384.47 394.43 384.58 375.86 384.39 367.49 366.66 374.45 368.77 367.61 370.24 369.70 369.53 367.91 361.42 387.93 416.29 382.36 377.15 371.48 365.64 361.93	CO2(21) 384.47 393.65 383.82 374.63 383.63 366.00 365.28 373.66 368.01 366.10 366.20 369.28 367.89 368.74 367.09 368.74 367.09 368.74 385.96 414.74 380.36 374.69 368.49 363.20 359.42	C02(24) 384.47 392.94 382.83 373.12 382.93 364.46 363.86 372.91 367.30 364.51 367.62 365.48 367.99 365.48 358.76 383.55 411.78 376.08 371.18 376.08 371.18 363.95 359.54 355.54	CO2(28) 384.47 390.72 380.49 371.32 381.06 362.62 362.17 371.57 364.76 362.61 364.33 363.32 365.33 363.19 357.22 380.92 406.96 371.28 368.68 361.51 357.96 354.79	CO2(32) 384.47 388.33 378.87 370.08 377.88 361.51 361.21 367.04 362.94 361.48 362.41 361.48 362.41 361.85 363.23 361.90 356.85 381.36 409.37 374.90 370.74 364.45 360.51 357.78	Co2(36) 384.47 386.83 377.86 369.31 375.88 360.92 360.74 364.30 361.79 361.47 361.47 361.13 361.97 361.16 356.72 381.74 410.00 375.54 371.31 365.08 361.15 358.35	Co2(40) 384.47 385.82 377.19 368.79 374.56 360.53 360.42 362.47 361.03 360.52 360.65 361.13 360.67 356.63 381.98 410.41 375.98 371.69 365.51 361.58 358.73	CO2(44) 384.47 385.07 376.69 368.40 373.56 360.24 360.19 361.10 360.46 360.23 360.23 360.29 360.50 360.50 360.50 360.50 355.56 382.17 410.73 376.30 371.97 365.83 361.90 359.01	CO2V 384.47 376.28 368.09 372.76 360.00
<						Ш		

day – the date in format "YYMMDD";

time – the time in format "hh,mm";

CO2(1) - CO2(44) – modelled CO₂ concentration at corresponding height above a ground surface given in brackets, $^{\circ}$ C;

CO2v – input CO₂ concentration at a reference height above a plant/forest canopy, °C.

File "**proftu.dat**" includes information about modelled air temperature profile within and above a plant/forest canopy. Corresponding altitude above a ground surface is given in column titles in brackets.

Example of the output file is given below. Because of a large width of data table the example of the output file consists of two parts showing the left and right parts of the table.

📕 profti	і - Блокн	OT								X		
<u>Ф</u> айл Пр	<u>Ф</u> айл Правка Фор <u>м</u> ат <u>В</u> ид <u>С</u> правка											
day 040605	time 0.15 0.45 1.15 1.45 2.45 3.15 3.45 4.15 5.45 6.15 6.45 7.15 8.15 5.45 8.15 5.45 10.15 10.45	ttgs 16.866 16.385 16.140 16.053 15.964 15.990 15.964 15.739 15.774 15.764 15.764 15.703 15.911 16.290 16.777 17.226 17.677 18.213 18.925 19.865	tu(1) 15.491 15.401 15.851 15.610 15.859 15.963 15.524 15.306 15.679 15.608 15.670 15.410 15.384 15.877 16.352 17.487 16.352 17.487 18.136 18.136 18.136 19.463 20.353 21.454	tu(3) 15.477 15.394 15.814 15.604 15.960 15.516 15.302 15.673 15.658 15.407 15.382 15.894 16.406 17.497 18.352 18.240 18.943 19.595 20.502 21.643	tu(5) 15.465 15.388 15.785 15.600 15.837 15.958 15.509 15.299 15.667 15.649 15.405 15.381 15.907 16.447 17.505 18.321 19.050 19.699 20.619 21.791	tu(9) 15.446 15.379 15.737 15.592 15.822 15.954 15.498 15.294 15.639 15.634 15.634 15.634 15.634 15.634 15.928 16.516 17.518 18.378 18.378 18.457 19.228 19.871 20.813 22.037	tu(12) 15.435 15.374 15.709 15.587 15.813 15.952 15.492 15.625 15.625 15.399 15.377 15.941 16.557 17.526 18.388 18.536 19.333 19.972 20.927 22.182	tu(15) 15.427 15.370 15.687 15.583 15.806 15.951 15.487 15.288 15.649 15.603 15.618 15.397 15.376 15.951 16.589 17.532 18.395 18.599 19.415 20.052 21.017 22.296	tu(18) 15.420 15.366 15.670 15.581 15.800 15.949 15.483 15.286 15.646 15.602 15.612 15.375 15.375 15.959 16.613 17.537 18.401 18.647 19.478 20.113 21.086 22.383			
<										≥:		

📕 proftu - Блог	нот						
Файл Правка Ф	ор <u>м</u> ат <u>В</u> ид <u>С</u> прави	ка					
tu(15) tu(: 15.427 15.4 15.370 15. 15.687 15.4 15.583 15. 15.951 15.4 15.487 15.4 15.487 15.4 15.649 15.4 15.649 15.4 15.618 15.4 15.618 15.4 15.397 15.4 15.397 15.4 15.397 15.4 15.397 15.4 15.397 15.4 15.397 15.4 15.397 15.4 15.397 15.4 15.4 15.4 15.4 15.4 15.4 15.4 15.4	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	tu(24) tu(28) 15.412 15.846 15.362 15.785 15.649 16.013 15.577 15.935 15.794 16.094 15.948 16.196 15.479 15.764 15.284 15.615 15.643 15.909 15.602 15.887 15.394 15.701 15.394 15.701 15.394 15.701 15.394 15.701 15.394 15.701 15.394 15.701 15.394 15.701 15.394 15.701 15.394 15.701 15.395 16.168 16.643 16.735 17.543 17.461 18.409 18.322 18.707 18.635 19.557 19.465 20.189 20.092 21.172 21.020 22.491 22.491	tu(32) 16.611 16.529 16.661 16.565 16.623 16.632 16.197 16.379 16.389 16.357 16.240 16.204 16.516 16.882 17.316 18.168 18.483 19.269 19.889 20.717 22.034	tu(36) 16.992 16.899 16.984 16.878 16.877 16.486 16.613 16.638 16.596 16.509 16.467 16.689 16.955 17.244 18.091 18.408 19.172 19.788 20.566 21.881	tu(40) 17.246 17.146 17.199 17.087 17.062 16.994 16.684 16.679 16.769 16.769 16.805 16.755 16.688 16.643 16.804 17.004 17.195 18.039 18.358 19.108 19.721 20.466 21.778	tu(44) 17.437 17.331 17.361 17.244 17.194 17.103 16.810 16.824 16.886 16.930 16.874 16.822 16.774 16.821 17.041 17.159 18.001 18.320 19.059 19.671 20.390 21.702	tv 17.590 17.480 17.490 17.370 17.300 17.190 16.910 16.940 16.980 17.030 16.970 16.970 16.930 16.930 16.930 16.880 16.960 17.070 17.130 17.070 17.130 17.970 18.290 19.020 19.630 20.330 21.640
					11		

day – the date in format "YYMMDD";

time – the time in format "hh,mm";

ttgs – the ground surface temperature, °C;

tu(1) - tu(44) – modelled air temperatures at corresponding height above a ground surface given in brackets, °C;

tv – input air temperature at a reference height above a plant/forest canopy, °C.

File "**soiltem.dat**" includes information about modelled temperatures of 10 upper soil sub-layers. The thickness of each soil sub-layer is 10 cm.

Example of the output file is given below. Because of a large width of data table the example of the output file consists of two parts showing the left and right parts of the table.

📕 soilter	n - Блокн	от							X			
<u>Ф</u> айл Пра	<u>Ф</u> айл <u>П</u> равка Фор <u>м</u> ат <u>В</u> ид <u>С</u> правка											
Hay 040605	time 0.15 0.45 1.45 2.15 2.45 3.15 3.45 4.15 4.45 5.15 6.15 6.15 6.15 6.15 7.15 7.45 8.15 8.45 9.15 9.45 10.15 10.45	$\begin{array}{c} {} {} {} {} {} {} {} {} {} {} {} {} {}$	Ts(1) 16.457 16.408 16.357 16.308 16.261 16.217 16.137 16.098 16.062 16.027 15.995 15.963 15.933 15.933 15.933 15.885 15.872 15.867 15.869 15.878 15.896 15.925	Ts(2) 15.598 15.604 15.609 15.607 15.603 15.598 15.591 15.582 15.573 15.563 15.552 15.540 15.528 15.516 15.503 15.491 15.480 15.470 15.461 15.433 15.448	Ts(3) 14.884 14.892 14.898 14.904 14.909 14.913 14.916 14.919 14.921 14.922 14.923 14.923 14.923 14.922 14.921 14.917 14.917 14.915 14.912 14.909 14.900 14.903 14.900	Ts(4) 14.305 14.298 14.294 14.289 14.288 14.288 14.288 14.288 14.289 14.290 14.291 14.292 14.292 14.294 14.295 14.296 14.298 14.299 14.300 14.302 14.303 14.304	Ts(5) 13.855 13.862 13.868 13.873 13.877 13.881 13.889 13.899 13.899 13.902 13.906 13.909 13.912 13.915 13.915 13.918 13.921 13.921 13.921 13.927 13.930 13.933	Ts(6) 13.487 13.494 13.501 13.513 13.519 13.524 13.530 13.535 13.545 13.555 13.555 13.555 13.555 13.555 13.555 13.564 13.568 13.577 13.581 13.585 13.589 13.593	<			
<			1111					1	▶:			

📕 soiltem - E	локнот				
<u>Ф</u> айл <u>П</u> равка	Фор <u>м</u> ат <u>В</u> и,	д <u>⊂</u> правка			
Ts(5) 13.855 13.862 13.868 13.873 13.877 13.881 13.885 13.889 13.896 13.896 13.902 13.906 13.909 13.912 13.915 13.918 13.921 13.921 13.924 13.930 13.933	Ts(6) 13.487 13.494 13.501 13.507 13.513 13.519 13.524 13.530 13.540 13.540 13.555 13.550 13.555 13.559 13.564 13.568 13.577 13.581 13.581 13.589 13.593	Ts(7) 13.192 13.198 13.203 13.209 13.214 13.219 13.225 13.230 13.235 13.240 13.245 13.240 13.245 13.240 13.245 13.260 13.260 13.264 13.269 13.273 13.278 13.282 13.282 13.286 13.291 13.295	Ts(8) 12.956 12.960 12.965 12.973 12.977 12.982 12.982 12.990 12.990 12.999 13.003 13.007 13.011 13.015 13.019 13.023 13.027 13.031 13.035 13.040 13.044	Ts(9) 12.766 12.769 12.772 12.775 12.778 12.781 12.784 12.788 12.791 12.795 12.798 12.802 12.805 12.805 12.808 12.812 12.815 12.819 12.822 12.826 12.829 12.832 12.836	Ts(10) 12.614 12.617 12.620 12.623 12.626 12.629 12.632 12.634 12.634 12.643 12.643 12.644 12.645 12.646 12.646 12.646 12.657 12.657 12.657 12.660 12.663 12.660 12.663 12.663 12.663 12.665 12.665 12.667 12.667
					► 1.1

Where:

day – the date in format "YYMMDD";

time – the time in format "hh,mm";

Ts(1-10) – modelled temperatures of corresponding soil sub-layer, , °C.

File "**soilws.dat**" includes modelled wetness of 10 upper soil sub-layers. The thickness of each soil sub-layer is 10 cm.

Example of the output file is given below. Because of a large width of data table the example of the output file consists of two parts showing the left and right parts of the table.

📕 soilws	- Блокно	т							×
Файл Пр	авка Фор <u>м</u>	<u>ат В</u> ид <u>С</u>	правка						
day 040605	time 0.15 0.45 1.15 2.15 2.45 3.15 4.15 4.45 5.45 6.45 7.15 8.15 8.45 9.15 9.45 10.15 10.45	Aw(1) 0.822 0.822 0.822 0.822 0.822 0.822 0.822 0.822 0.824 0.824 0.824 0.824 0.824 0.824 0.827 0.826 0.826 0.826 0.826 0.826 0.826 0.826 0.826	Aw(2) 0.828 0.828 0.828 0.828 0.828 0.828 0.828 0.828 0.828 0.828 0.830 0.830 0.830 0.830 0.830 0.832 0.832 0.832 0.832 0.832 0.832 0.832 0.832 0.832 0.832 0.832 0.832	Aw(3) 0.835 0.835 0.835 0.835 0.835 0.835 0.835 0.836 0.836 0.836 0.836 0.836 0.836 0.838 0.838 0.839 0.839 0.839 0.839 0.839 0.839 0.839 0.839	Aw(4) 0.842 0.842 0.842 0.842 0.842 0.842 0.842 0.843 0.843 0.843 0.843 0.843 0.843 0.845 0.845 0.845 0.845 0.845 0.845 0.845 0.845 0.845 0.845 0.845 0.845 0.845 0.845	Aw(5) 0.850 0.850 0.850 0.850 0.850 0.850 0.850 0.850 0.850 0.851 0.851 0.851 0.851 0.851 0.851 0.851 0.851 0.852 0.852 0.852 0.852 0.853 0.853 0.853	Aw(6) 0.859 0.859 0.859 0.859 0.859 0.859 0.859 0.859 0.859 0.859 0.859 0.859 0.859 0.859 0.859 0.859 0.859 0.859 0.859 0.860 0.860 0.860 0.860 0.861 0.861	Aw(7) 0.868 0.868 0.868 0.868 0.868 0.868 0.868 0.868 0.868 0.868 0.868 0.868 0.868 0.868 0.868 0.868 0.868 0.869 0.869 0.869 0.869 0.869 0.869 0.869 0.869	
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📕 soilws - Блокн	от			×
<u>Ф</u> айл <u>П</u> равка Фор	<u>м</u> ат <u>В</u> ид <u>С</u> г	правка		
Aw(6) Aw(7 0.859 0.86 0.860 0.86 0.860 0.86 0.860 0.86 0.860 0.86 0.861 0.86 0.861 0.86	3 0.878 3 0.878 3 0.878 3 0.878 3 0.878 3 0.878 3 0.878 3 0.878 3 0.878 3 0.878 3 0.878 3 0.878 3 0.878 3 0.878 3 0.878 3 0.878 3 0.879 3 0.878 3 0.879 3 0.879 3 0.879 3 0.879 3 0.879 3 0.879 3 0.879 3 0.879 3 0.879 3 0.879 3 0.879 3 0.879 3 0.879 3 0.879 3 0.879 3	Aw(9) 0.890	Aw(10) 0.903	
<			>	

Where:

day - the date in format "YYMMDD",

time – the time in format "hh,mm"

AW(1-10) – modelled wetness of corresponding soil sub-layer. If the value of AW is equal to "1" its means that this soil sub-layer reached saturated soil moisture conditions.

Model start and running

The main executing file of the MixFor-SVAT model is **Mixfor-SVAT.exe.** It can be called either in standard DOS-Window or by Windows File Manager.

An example of the standard view of the running MixFor-SVAT model under Windows is given in figure below:

D:\Sasha\Work\TEXT\REPORTS\MODELD~1\MIXFOR~1\MIXFOR~1.EXE					

I wish you a very nice time with MixFor-SUAT ************************************					
Date 5.06 Time 0.15					
R for overstorey:-15.37 W/m^2R for understorey and soil:-7.53 W/m^2LE for overstorey:0.00 W/m^2LE for understorey and soil:0.00 W/m^2H for overstorey:-13.39 W/m^2H for understorey and soil:0.05 W/m^2Total CO2 flux:-3.175 mkmol/m^2 s-3.175 mkmol/m^2					
Date 5.06 Time 0.45					
R for overstorey: LE for overstorey: H for overstorey: Total CO2 flux: -18.20 W/m ² 2 R for understorey and soil: -19.28 W/m ² 2 LE for understorey and soil: -19.28 W/m ² 2 H for understorey and soil: -3.180 mkmol/m ² 2 s					

Attention: Errors in input data (format errors or use of not realistic values) as well as gaps in input data can results in interruption of the model calculation.....

I wish you a very good time with the MixFor-SVAT model....