NAG C Library Function Document

nag_pairs_test (g08ebc)

1 Purpose

nag_pairs_test (g08ebc) performs a pairs test on a sequence of observations in the interval [0,1].

2 Specification

#include <nag.h>
#include <nag08.h>

void nag_pairs_test (Integer n, const double x[], Integer max_count, 
                    Integer lag, double *chi, double *df, double *p, NagError *fail)

3 Description

nag_pairs_test computes the statistics for performing a pairs test which may be used to investigate deviations from randomness in a sequence of [0,1] observations.

For a given lag, \( l \geq 1 \), an \( m \) by \( m \) matrix, \( C \), of counts is formed as follows: the element \( c_{jk} \) of \( C \) is the number of pairs \( (x(i),x(i+1)) \) such that

\[
\frac{i-l}{m} \leq x(i) < \frac{i}{m} \\
\frac{k-1}{m} \leq x(i+1) < \frac{k}{m}
\]

where \( i = 1, 3, 5, \ldots, n-1 \), if \( l = 1 \)

and \( i = 1, 2, \ldots, l, 2l+1, 2l+2, \ldots, 3l, 4l+1, \ldots, n-l \) if \( l > 1 \).

Note that all pairs formed are non-overlapping pairs and are thus independent under the assumption of randomness.

Under the assumption that the sequence is random, the expected number of pairs for each class (i.e., each element of the matrix of counts) is the same, that is the pairs should be uniformly distributed over the unit square \([0,1]^2\). Thus the expected number of pairs for each class is just the total number of pairs, \( \sum_{j,k=1}^{m} c_{jk} \), divided by the number of classes, \( m^2 \).

The \( \chi^2 \) test statistic used to test the hypothesis of randomness is defined as:

\[
X^2 = \sum_{j,k=1}^{m} \frac{(c_{jk} - e)^2}{e}
\]

where \( e = \sum_{j,k=1}^{m} c_{jk} / m^2 = \) expected number of pairs in each class.

The use of the \( \chi^2 \) distribution as an approximation to the exact distribution of the test statistic, \( x^2 \), improves as the expected value, \( e \), increases.

4 Parameters

1: \( n \) – Integer

\( On \ entry: \) the number of observations, \( n \).

\( Constraint: n \geq 2. \)

2: \( x[n] \) – const double

\( On \ entry: \) the sequence of observations.

\( Constraint: 0.0 \leq x[i-1] \leq 1.0, \) for \( i = 1, 2, \ldots, n. \)
3:  **max_count** – Integer  

*Input*

*On entry:* the size of the matrix of counts, \( m \).

*Constraint:* \( \text{max\_count} \geq 2 \).

4:  **lag** – Integer  

*Input*

*On entry:* the lag, \( l \), to be used in choosing pairs.

If \( \text{lag} = 1 \), then we consider the pairs \((x[i - 1], x[i])\), for \( i = 1, 3, \ldots, n - 1 \) where \( n \) is the number of observations.

If \( \text{lag} > 1 \), then we consider the pairs \((x[i - 1], x[x + l - 1])\), for \( i = 1, 2, \ldots, l, 2l + 1, 2l + 2, \ldots, 3l, 4l + 1, \ldots, n - l \) where \( n \) is the number of observations.

*Constraints:* \( \text{lag} > 0, \text{lag} < n \).

5:  **chi** – double *  

*Output*

*On exit:* contains the \( \chi^2 \) test statistic, \( X^2 \), for testing the null hypothesis of randomness.

6:  **df** – double *  

*Output*

*On exit:* contains the degrees of freedom for the \( \chi^2 \) statistic.

7:  **prob** – double *  

*Output*

*On exit:* contains the upper tail probability associated with the \( \chi^2 \) test statistic, i.e., the significance level.

8:  **fail** – NagError *  

*Input/Output*

The NAG error parameter (see the Essential Introduction).

5  **Error Indicators and Warnings**

NE_INT_ARG_LT

On entry, \( n \) must not be less than 2: \( n = <\text{value}> \).

NE_INT_2

On entry, \( \text{lag} = <\text{value}> \), \( n = <\text{value}> \).

Constraint: \( 1 \leq \text{lag} < n \).

NE_INT_ARG_LE

On entry, \( \text{max\_count} \) must not be less than or equal to 1: \( \text{max\_count} = <\text{value}> \).

NE_REAL_ARRAY_CONS

On entry, \( x[0] = <\text{value}> \).

Constraint: \( 0.0 \leq x[i - 1] \leq 1.0 \), for \( i = 1, 2, \ldots, n - 1 \).

NE_G08EB_PAIRS

No pairs were found. This will occur if the value of \( \text{lag} \) is greater than or equal to the total number of observations.

NE_G08EBgetCell

The expected value for each cell is less than or equal to 5.0. This implies that the \( \chi^2 \) distribution may not be a very good approximation to the test statistic.
NE_ALLOC_FAIL
Memory allocation failed.

NE_INTERNAL_ERROR
An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please consult NAG for assistance.

6 Further Comments
The time taken by the routine increases with the number of observations, \( n \).

6.1 Accuracy
The computations are believed to be stable. The computation of \texttt{prob} given the values of \texttt{chi} and \texttt{df} will obtain a relative accuracy of 5 significant figures for most cases.

6.2 References
Ripley B D (1987) \textit{Stochastic Simulation} Wiley

7 See Also
None.

8 Example
The following program performs the pairs test on 10000 pseudo-random numbers from a uniform distribution \( U(0,1) \) generated by \texttt{nag_random_continuous_uniform (g05cac)}. \texttt{nag_pairs_test} is called with \texttt{lag} = 1 and \( m = 10 \).

8.1 Program Text
/* nag_pairs_test (g08ebc) Example Program.  *
 * Copyright 2000 Numerical Algorithms Group.  *
 * Mark 6, 2000.  */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nag05.h>
#include <nag08.h>
#include <nagx04.h>

int main(void)
{
    double chi, df, enda, endb, p, *x=0;
    Integer i, max_count, n, init, lag;
    Integer exit_status=0;

NagError fail;

INIT_FAIL(fail);
Vprintf("g08ebc Example Program Results\n");

init = 0;
g05cbc(init);

n = 10000;
if (!((x = NAG_ALLOC(n, double)))
    { 
    Vprintf("Allocation failure\n");
    exit_status = -1;
    goto END;
    }
enda = 0.0;
endb = 1.0;
for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
    x[i] = g05dac(enda, endb);
max_count = 10;
lag = 1;
g08ebc(n, x, max_count, lag, &chi, &df, &p, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR && fail.code != NE_G08EB_CELL)
    { 
    Vprintf("Error from g08ebc.\n\s\n", fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
    }
Vprintf("\n");
Vprintf("\n");
Vprintf("\s10.4f\n", "CHISQ = ", chi);
Vprintf("\s8.2f\n", "DF = ", df);
Vprintf("\s10.4f\n", "Probability = ", p);
if (fail.code == NE_G08EB_CELL)
    Vprintf("Error from g08ebc.\n\s\n", fail.message);
END:
if (x) NAG_FREE(x);
return exit_status;
}

8.2 Program Data
None.

8.3 Program Results

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CHISQ</th>
<th>99.8000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DF</td>
<td>99.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Probability</td>
<td>0.4586</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>